UTKALMANI GOPABANDHU INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING, ROURKELA



LESSON PLAN
SESSION-2025-26

SEMESTER-THIRD

SUBJECT: FLUID MECHANICS & FLUID POWER (THEORY- 04)

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Discipline Mechanical Engir		Semester: 3rd	Name of the Teaching Faculty: Er SISIR KUMAR DALAI, S.T. Lect. Mech
Subject: Fluid Mechanic Fluid Powe (Th-4)		No of Days/Week Class Allotted: 03	Semester starts From Date:14.07.2025 to Date:15.11.2025 No of Week: 15
Week		Class/Day	Theory/Practical Topics
1 st		1 st	PROPERTIES OF A FLUID AND HYDROSTATICS: Definition of a fluid, classification of fluids, various fluid properties such as density, specific weight, specific gravity
		2 nd	viscosity and surface tension and state the units
		3 rd	fluid pressure, total pressure (hydrostatic force) and location of centre of pressure on vertical,
2 nd		1 st	horizontal, inclined and curved surfaces by fluid
		2 nd	working of various measuring devices for pressure
		3 rd	Principle of simple manometers
3 rd		1 st	Principle of differential and inverted types manometers
		2 nd	Simple numericals on Manometer.
		3 rd	Principle of buoyancy and floatation
		4.00	KINEMATICS AND DYNAMICS OF FLUID MECHANICS
		1 st	Various types of flow, circulation and vorticity
4 th		2 nd	stream-line, path line and streak-line, various energies of fluid
		3 _{rd}	law of conservation of mass, energy equation -Bernoulli's theorem
5 th		1 st	the limitations of same-application of Bernoulli's equation, the working of venturimeter
		2 nd	pitot tube, equation of flow rate and velocity with respect to venturimeter and pitot tube respectively,
		3 rd	the working of flowmeter: current meter, Simple numericals
6 th		1 st	FLOW THROUGH ORIFICES AND NOTCHES, PIPES: Definition –orifice, orifice coefficient such as Cc, Cv, Cd, Relationship between orifice coefficients
		2 nd	weir and notch, Discharge over rectangular notch and weir, triangular notch
		3 rd	Simple numericals.
7 th		1 st	Simple numericals.
		2 nd	Definition of a pipe. laws of fluid friction, Equation of loss of head through pipe due to friction
		3 rd	Darcy's formula and Chezy's formula
8 th		1 st	hydraulic gradient and total energy line, Nozzle and its application
		2 nd	Power transmission through nozzle The condition of maximum power transmission through nozzle
		3 rd	Expression for diameter of nozzle for maximum power transmission.
		1 st	Turbines and Pumps: Classification of hydraulic turbines
9 th		2 nd	Selection of turbine on the basis of head and discharge available, Construction and working principle of Pelton wheel,
		3 rd	Francis and Kaplan turbines, Draft tubes – types and

		construction
	1 st	Calculation of Work done, Power, efficiency of turbines.
10 th	2 nd	Simple numericals
	3 rd	Centrifugal Pumps: Principle of working and applications,
11 th	1 st	Types of casings and impellers, Concept of multistage, Priming and its methods
	2 nd	Manometric head, Work done, Manometric efficiency, Overall efficiency.
	3 rd	Simple numericals
12 th	1 st	Reciprocating Pumps: Construction, working principle and applications of single acting reciprocating pumps
	2 nd	Double acting reciprocating pumps, Concept of Slip, Negative slip, Cavitation and separation
	3 rd	Simple numericals
	1 st	FLUID POWER: Definition of fluid power, classification – hydraulic power and pneumatic power, Hydraulic Systems
13 th	2 nd	Basic principle of enclosed hydraulic system – Pascal's law
	3 rd	Oil hydraulic system – reservoir, filter pressure limiting valves, direction control valves
14 th	1 st	accumulator, pipes and fittings, various positive displacement pumps-gear
14."	2 nd	flow control valves, actuators (linear and rotary),
	3 rd	vane, piston, drawing of hydraulic circuits
	1 st	extension and retraction of linear actuator
15 th	2 nd	motion of rotary actuator
	3 rd	holding a job, hydraulic press etc

Er. Sisir Kcemar Dalou (sr. Leet) Mechanical Engineery